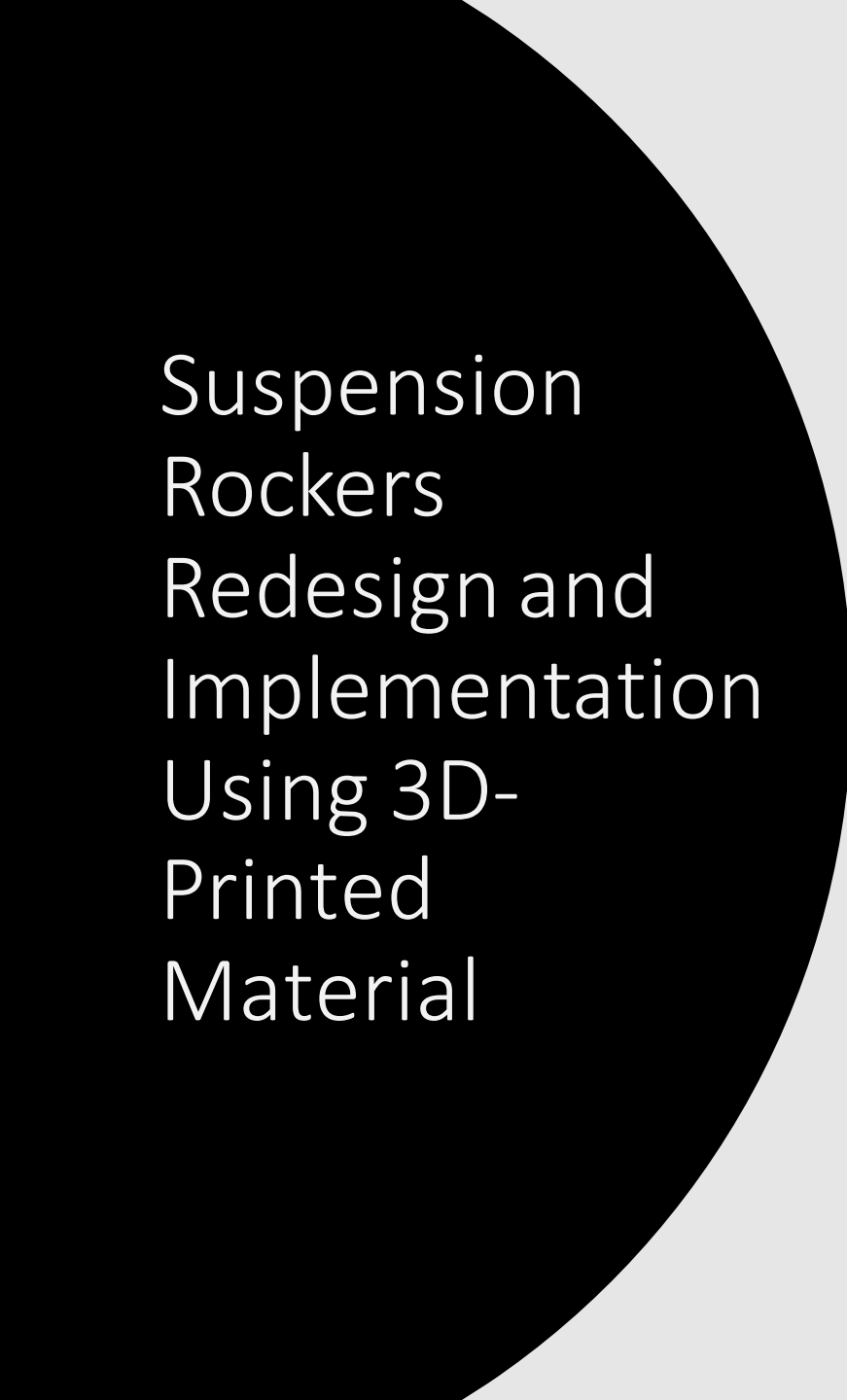




Suspension Rockers Redesign and Implementation Using 3D- Printed Material

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12/06/2023

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Graduate Student Advisor: Bryce Thacker



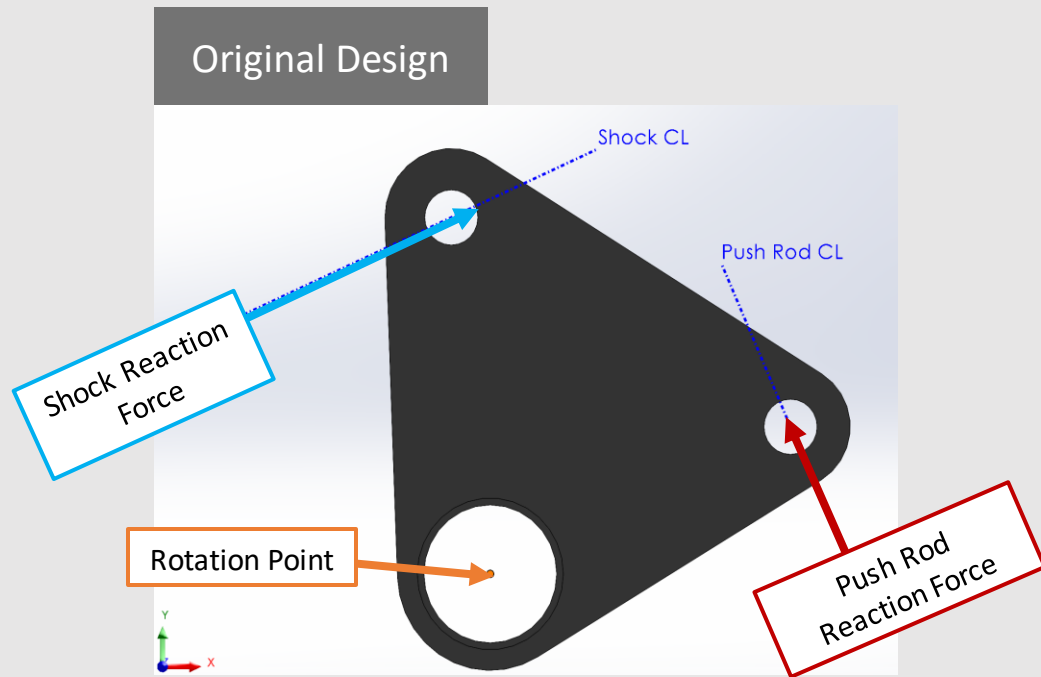
Outline

1. Project History and Background
2. Discussion of the Front Rockers
3. Discussion of the Rear Rockers
4. Bracket Design
5. Test Rig Set-Up and Test Plan
6. Gantt Chart
7. Conclusion
8. Complete List of Engineering Standards

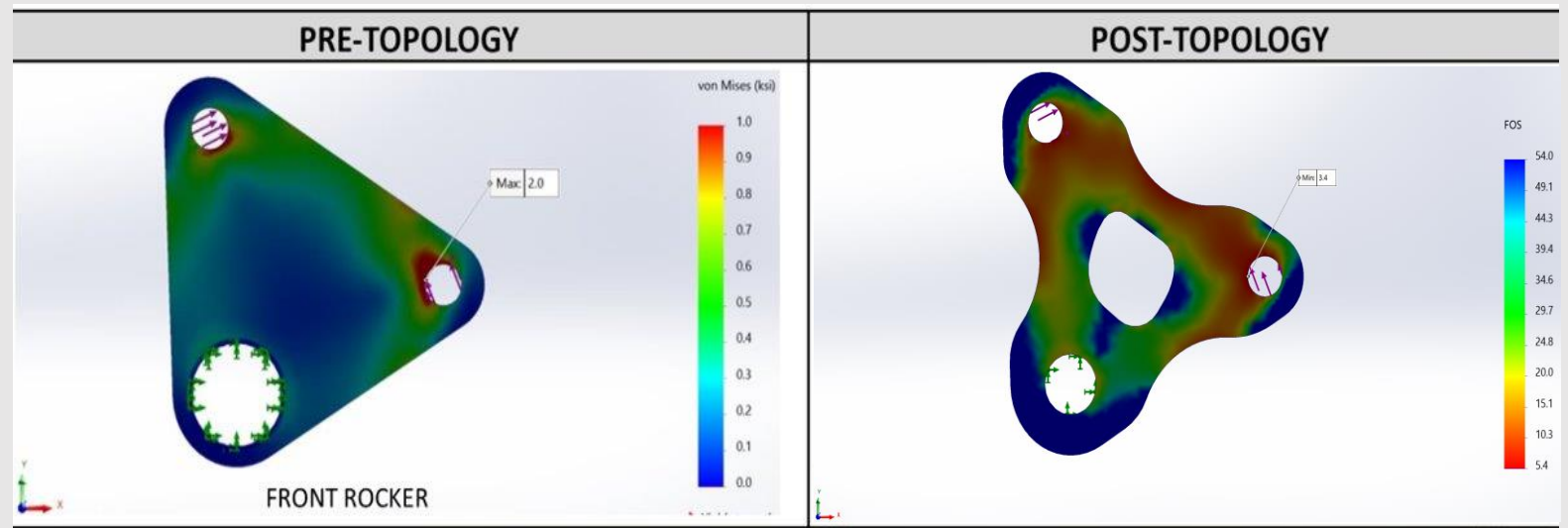
Project History and Background

- Background: the ODU FSAE Team produces a racing vehicle every two years and competes nationally.
- Project was undertaken because the previous aluminum rockers were:
 - Expensive to produce
 - Heavy
 - Inconvenient (untimely) to obtain through outside vendors
- Objective: to determine if the FSAE Race Car can operate using PA-6CF 3D-Printed Rockers, which can be made on-campus with the AM Lab, are cheaper to produce, and made of a lighter material than aluminum.

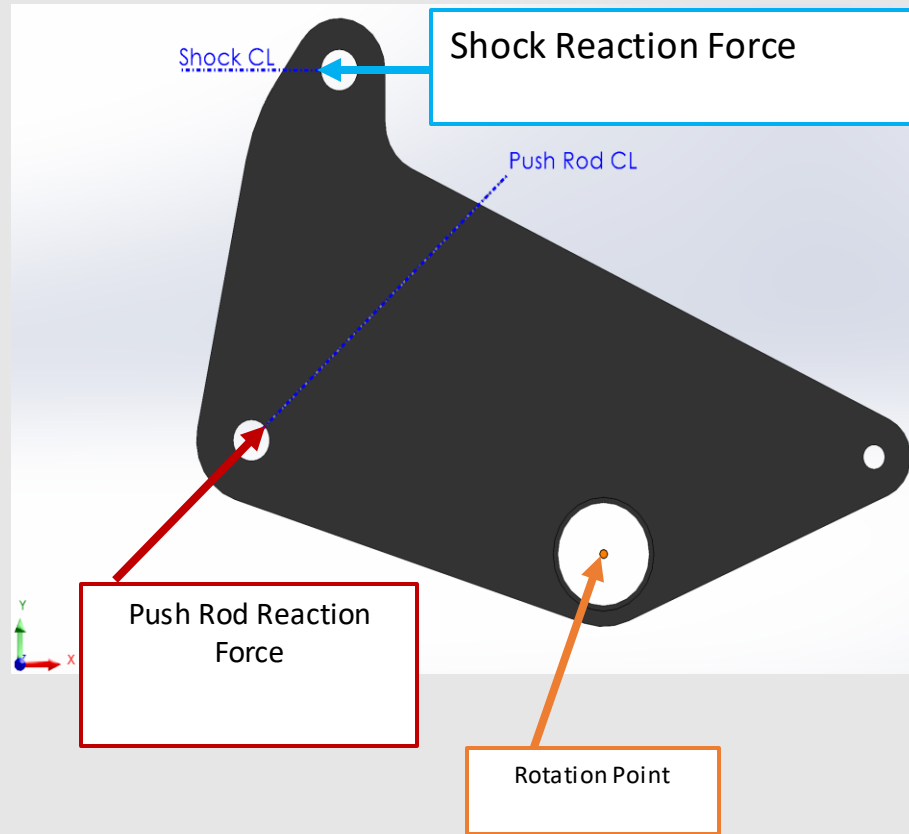
Front Rocker



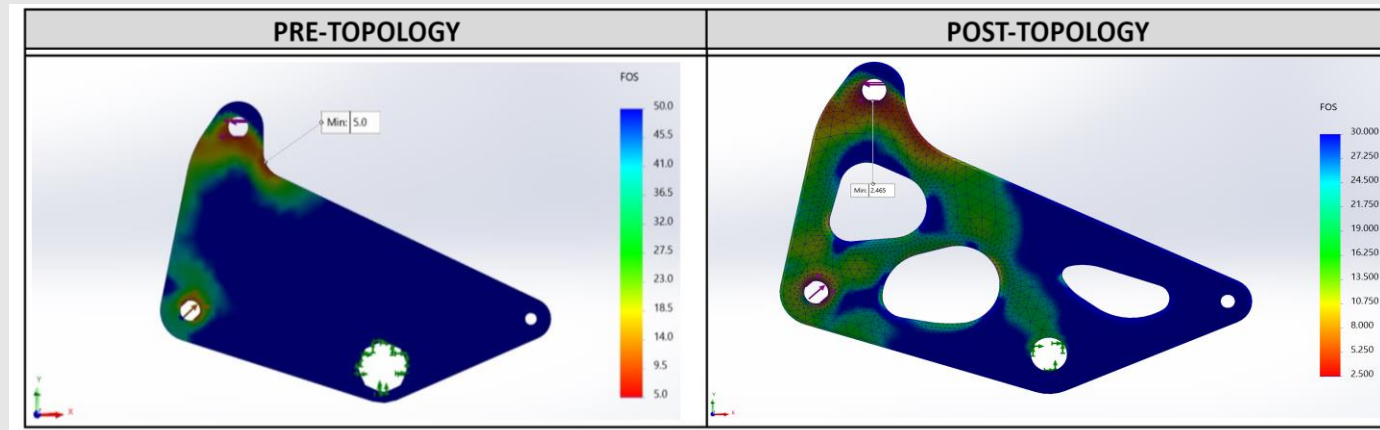
Front Rocker



Rear Rocker



Rear Rocker



Bracket Design



Top and Bottom Bracket Assembly

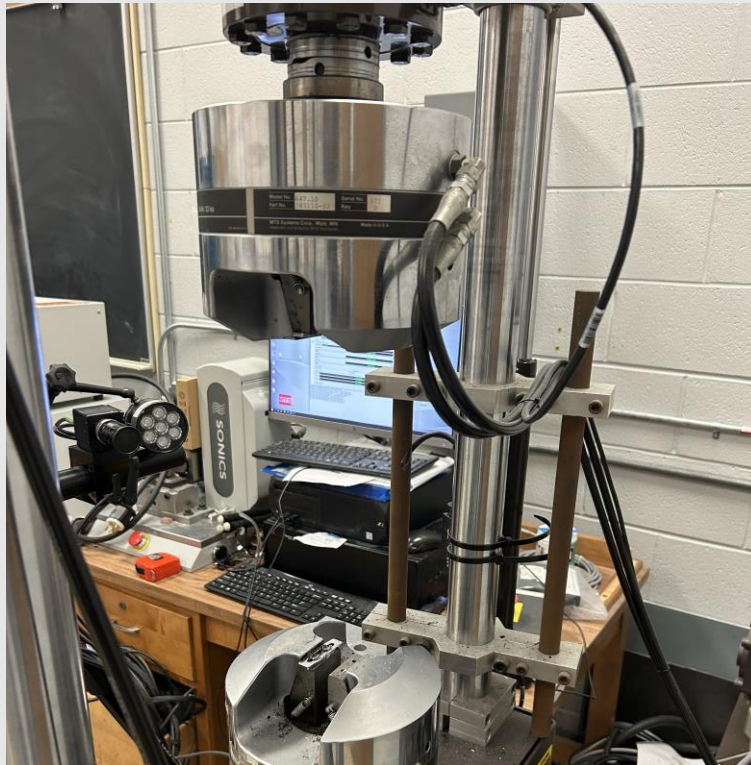


Bottom Bracket Attachment



Top Bracket Attachment

Material Testing System (MTS) Machine



Full MTS Machine



Bottom Clamping Head of MTS Machine



Top Clamping Head of MTS Machine

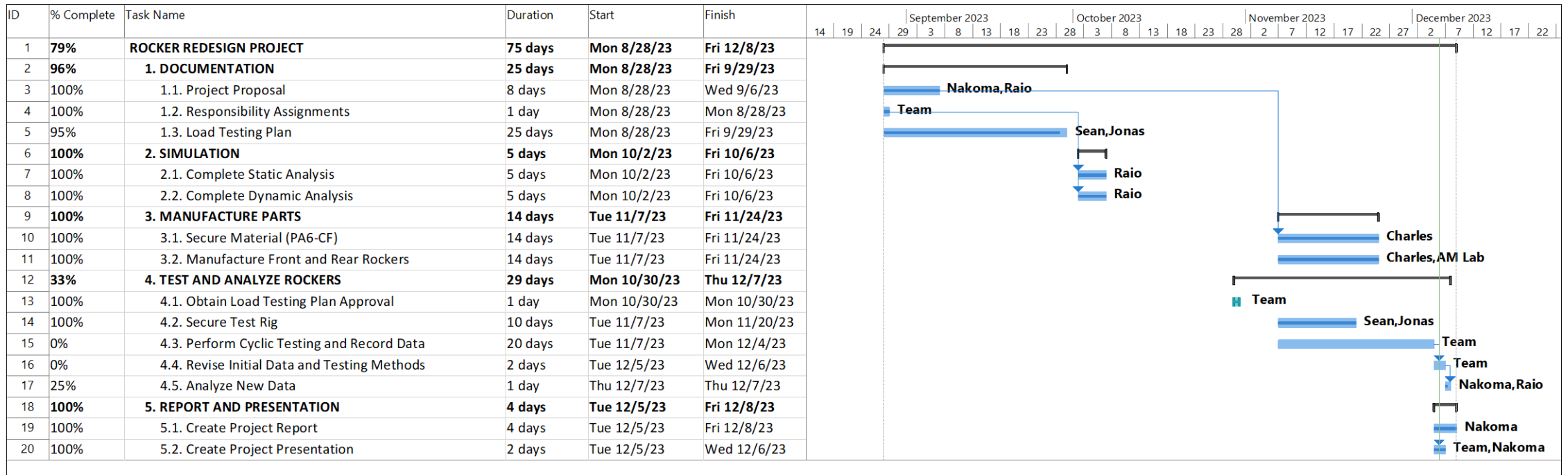
Bracket Motion



Front Rocker Static Testing



Gantt Chart and Budget Synopsis



Budget Synopsis

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Steel Plate - \$76.69 Filament - \$261.25 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shocks - \$149.98 Ball Joint (Low Carbon Steel Rod, Oil Feelers Bronze Bearing) - \$109.89 |
|--|---|

Conclusion

Completed

- Static Simulations (SolidWorks) and Test
- Dynamic Calculations
- Re-run of the Topology Simulations (SolidWorks)
- Basis/Template of the Test Plan (ASTM-E606)
- Completion of Test Rig Bracket Designs (ASME Y14.35 & 14.5)
- Creation of the Test Rig Brackets (AWS D1.3 & ANSI Z49.1)
- Bushing Hollowed and Pressed Into Rotation Point of the Rockers (ASTM-B438).

In the Future

- Finish the Test Plan – Make sure the advisors know to sign up the next group for training
- Complete Fatigue Testing
- Explore Different Manufacturing Options and Styles

Complete List of Engineering Standards

- ANSI Z49.1: covers all aspects of safety and health in the welding environment, with an emphasis on oxyfuel gas and arc welding.
- ASME Y14.35: establishes the practice for revising drawings and associated documentation and demonstrates methods for identification and revisions.
- ASME Y14.5: establishes the rules, symbols, definitions, requirements, defaults, and recommended practices for stating and interpreting Geometric Dimensions and Tolerances on engineering drawings, models defined in digital data files, and related documents.
- ASTM-E606: fatigue testing by cyclic load simulated by typically used by servo-hydraulic testing until failure.
- ASTM-B438: specifies requirements of bronze-based bearings produced from mixed metal powders using powder metallurgy technology and then impregnated with oil to supply lubrication.
- AWS D1.3: structural welding of steel sheet metal to other structural sheet steels or to supporting structural steel members, including Tungsten Inert Gas (TIG) welding.
- ISO 9001: international standard that specifies requirements for a quality management system.

The background of the image is a dense, repeating pattern of question marks in a light gray color. The question marks are of various sizes and are scattered across the entire frame, creating a textured, busy appearance. In the center of the image, there is a white rectangular box with a thin black border. Inside this box, the word "Questions?" is written in a black, sans-serif font.

Questions?